

Plans for Alpha

Mike Crockart

To develop a common public sector approach to online identity assurance, as part of digital public services;

Objectives include, To develop a solution that;

A **common approach** to online identity assurance and authentication for access to public services, that supports the landscape and direction for digital public services delivery

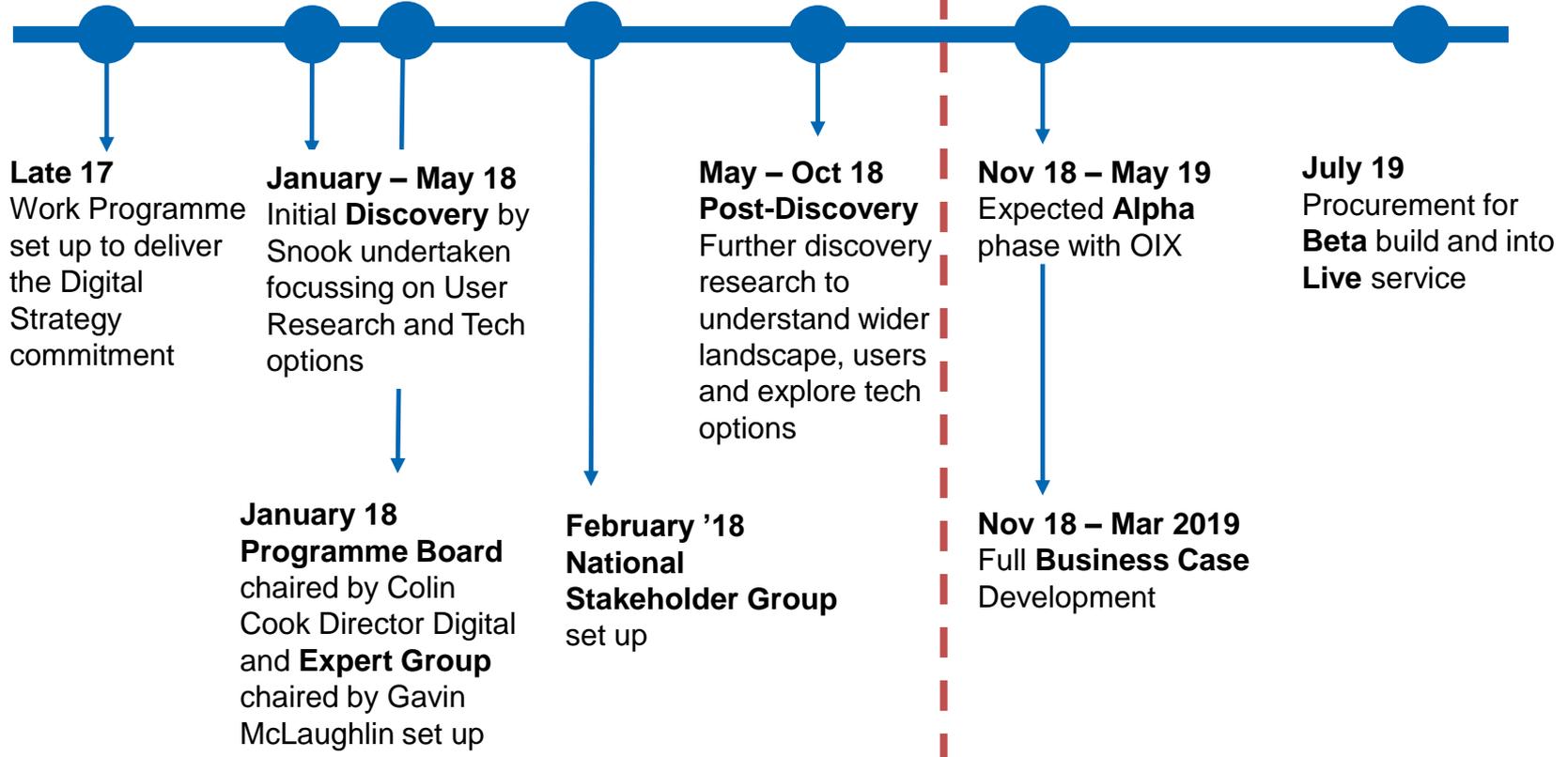
Is designed with and for **members of the public** (service users) and that stakeholders can support

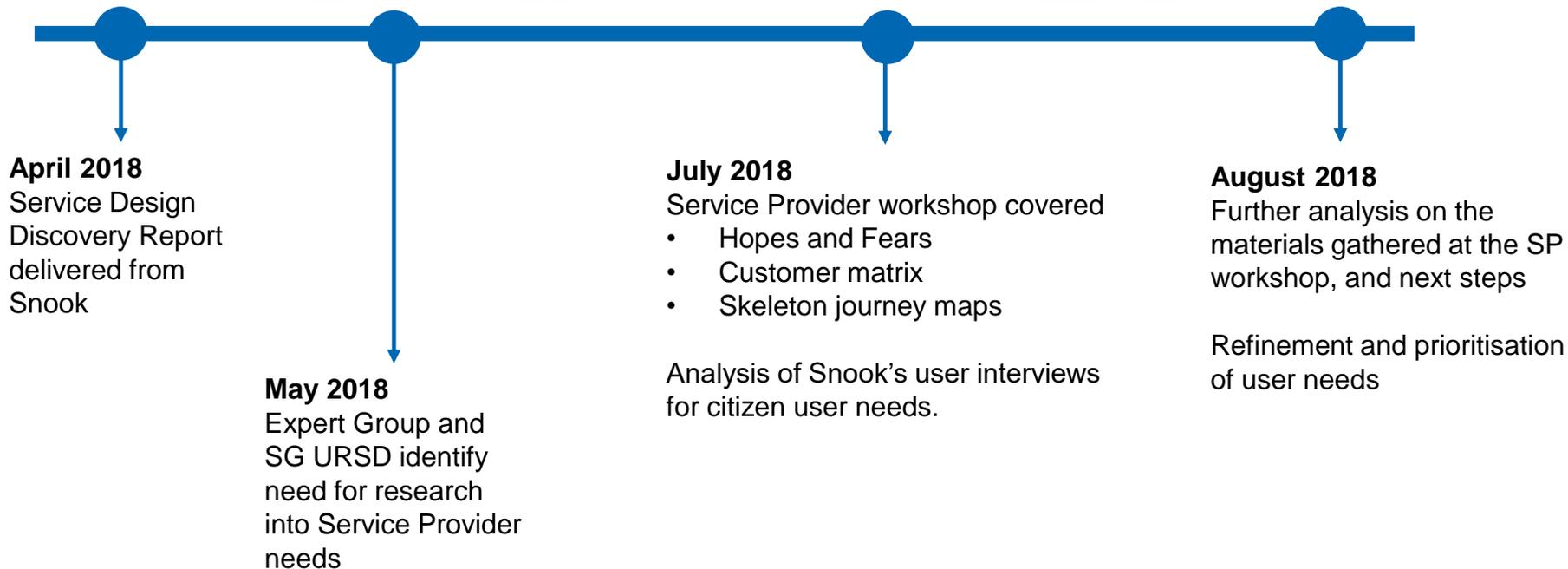
Works: is **safe, secure, effective, proportionate, easy to use, and accessible**; and forms part of public sector digital services

Where members of the public can be confident that their **privacy** is being protected

Brings **value for money and efficiencies** in the delivery of digital public services

Can **evolve and flex** with changes that occur in the future (future proofed), e.g. changing in response to new technologies.





The benefits include;

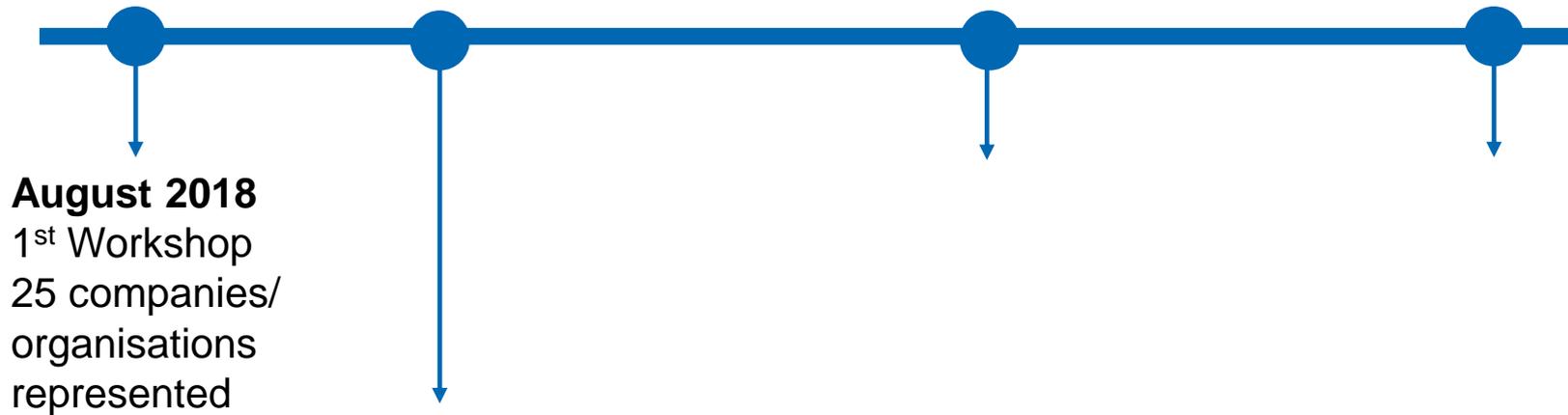
- A worldwide, non-profit, cross sector membership group, providing industry leadership for online identity assurance.
 - Access to a very broad range of orgs. operating in the online ID space including the potential ID provider (IDPs) that we would seek to collaborate – Improvement Service (myaccount) GDS (GOV.UK Verify) and other providers of identity services (e.g. Post Office and Experian);
 - Compatible with our Open Government approach, projects are conducted in the open, participation in the alpha and observation is also open to non OIX members.
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In a 'standard' alpha, we typically:

- Contractually engage with one or more suppliers, often via competitive tender
- Define, in as much detail as we are able to, our user stories (functional) / system quality attributes (non-functional requirements)
- State a number of deliverable documents / artefacts
- Have well-understood risk management processes / mature legal approaches should suppliers fail to deliver
- Often expect the technology selections made in alpha to be the technology selections for beta

With the innovative OIX approach, we are:

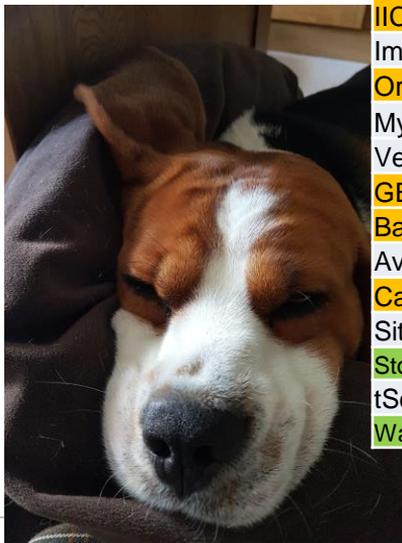
- First and foremost, proving the conceptual architecture pattern is feasible, and learning lessons
 - Reliant on each provider seeing enough value in the prototype to invest time and resources
 - Constrained in the artefacts we can mandate suppliers provide (both up-front, and during alpha)
 - Having to take advantage of the environments / infrastructure that can be provided without commercial cover
 - Delaying technology selections until later in the process (which has knock-on impacts to governance of end solution)
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ASE Consulting
Avocosecure
Barclays
Cabinet Office/GDS
Consult Hyperion
Digital Office, Scottish Local Government
Disclosure Scotland
Etive
Experian
GB Group
Idemia
IIConsulting
Improvement Service
Microsoft
Mvine
Mydex
OIX
Origo
Post Office
Sitekit
Social Security Scotland
TransUnion
Verisec
Yoti

Homework returned?

Company	Attended 1st Workshop	Signed up for 2nd workshop	Submitted Bid
Post Office	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cabinet Office/GDS	Yes	No	No
Mvine	Yes	Yes	Yes
Microsoft	Yes	Yes	Yes
Idemia	No	Yes	Yes
Yoti	Yes	Yes	Yes
Experian	Yes	Yes	Yes
Etive	Yes	Yes	Yes
IIConsulting	No	No	No
Improvement Service	Yes	Yes	Yes
Origo	Yes	No	No
Mydex	Yes	Yes	Yes
Verisec	Yes	Yes	Yes
GB Group	Yes	No	No
Barclays	Yes	No	No
Avocosecure	Yes	Yes	Yes
Call Credit	Yes	No	No
Sitekit	Yes	Yes	Yes
StormID	No	Yes	Yes
tScheme	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wallet Services	No	Yes	Yes



1st Workshop Homework

Proposed Alpha Project for Online Identity Assurance

Confirmation of Interest

Name of organisation
Contact person name, email and phone number	
Proposed role	
Type of involvement	
Description of assets and capabilities you propose to bring to the project	

We act as the approved asses Meter Key Infra List including of

We believe we assessing, advis identity where:

We are technol organisation w/ digital transacti

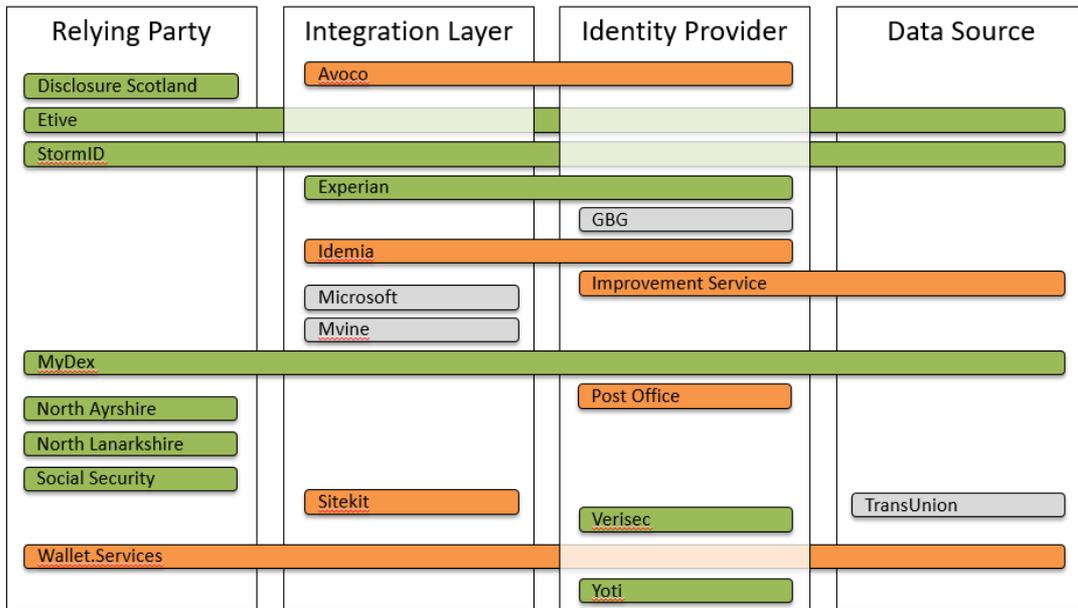
We have matur scheme. We an required.

Indication of level of involvement desired	<p>we have real world experience of what has and has not worked. (Leader, Active participant, Follower, Other)</p> <p>Active Participant</p>
Possible locations for collaborative working	<p>(Space in own office, Ability to collocate in Edinburgh, Other ideas)</p> <p>Edinburgh, London, and / or via dial in as well when required</p>
Any restrictions or limitations on what you can do	<p>As a small organisation we need to prioritise our contracted work</p>

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Any restrictions or limitations on what you can do

Technical Proposal (the need for an innovative approach)

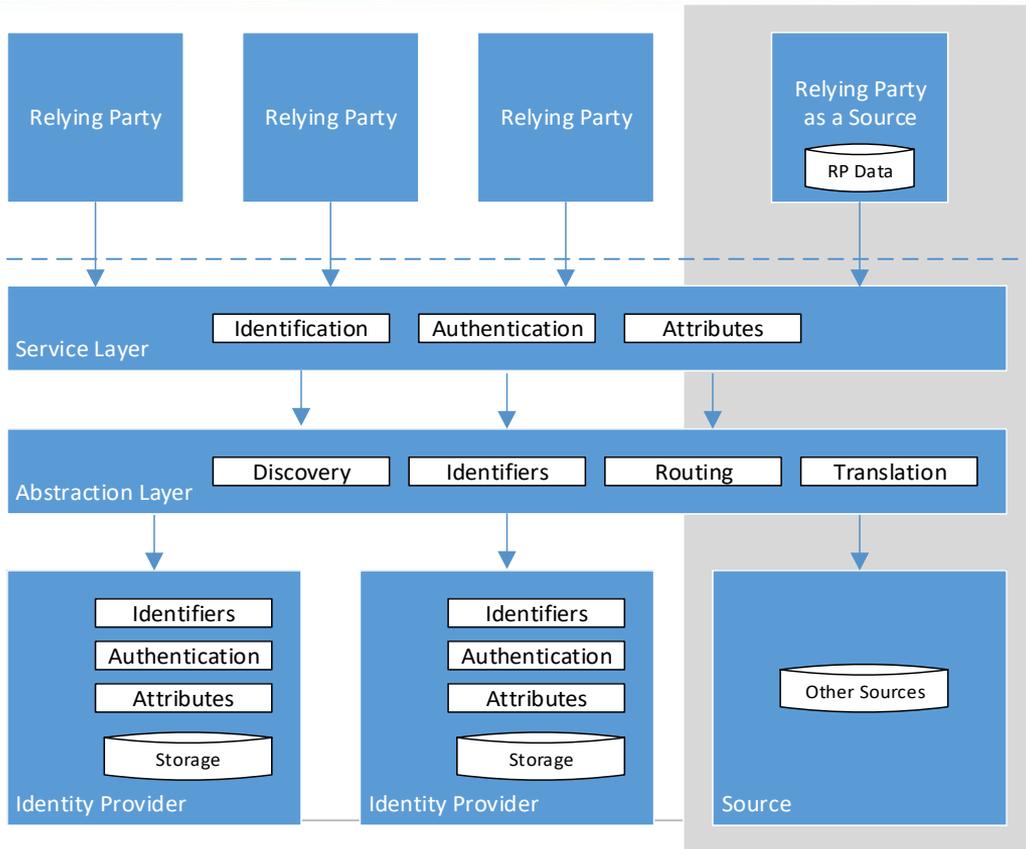
Observer Participant Leader



Standards

Factern GDS tScheme

- Many OIX providers can perform many roles
- There are multiple providers to choose between at each layer (RP/IL/IdP/DS)
- Combinatorial explosion makes standard evaluation of multiple options inordinate
- Some potential providers of an end solution have chosen to be observers of the alpha, but may still wish to be involved in future phases

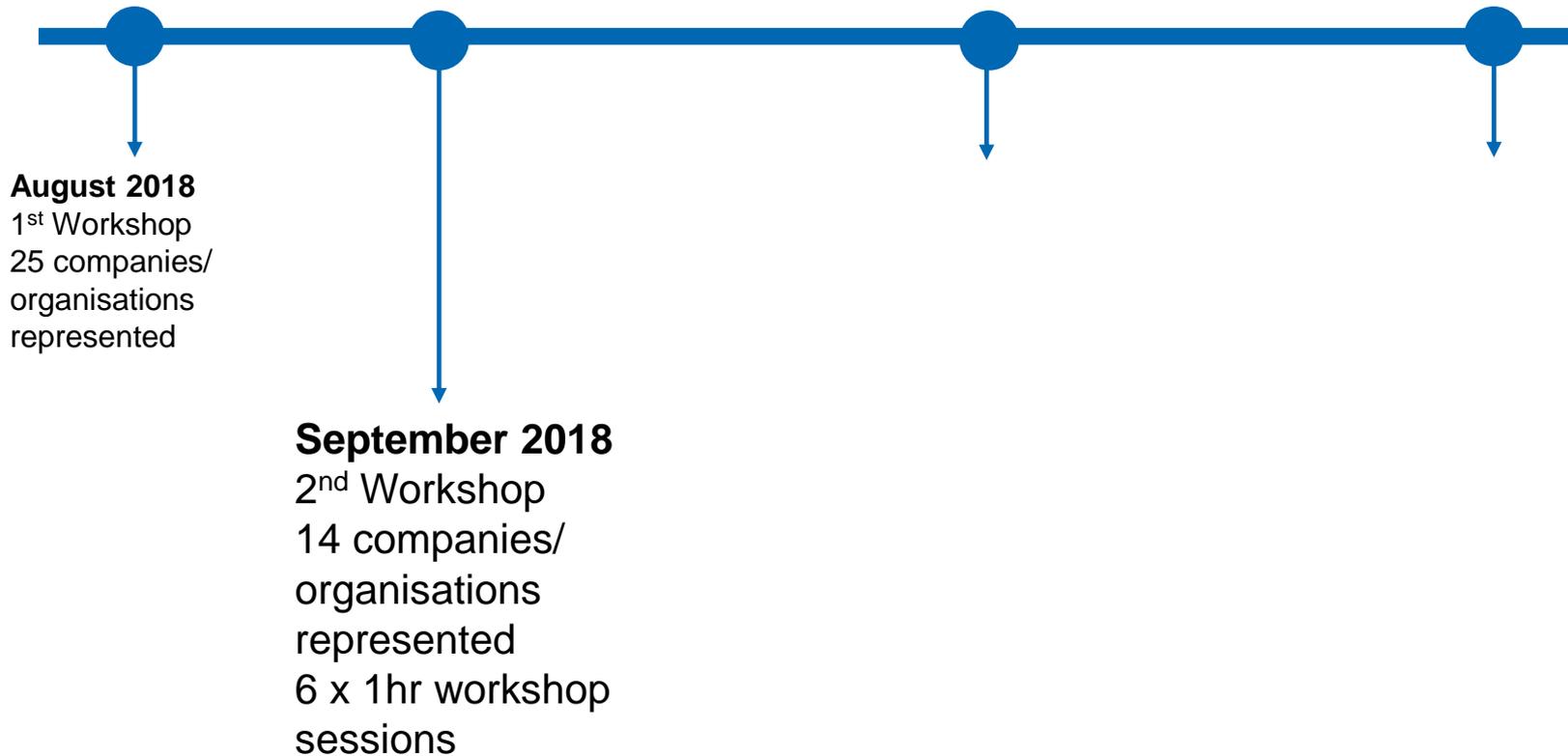


Potential Providers



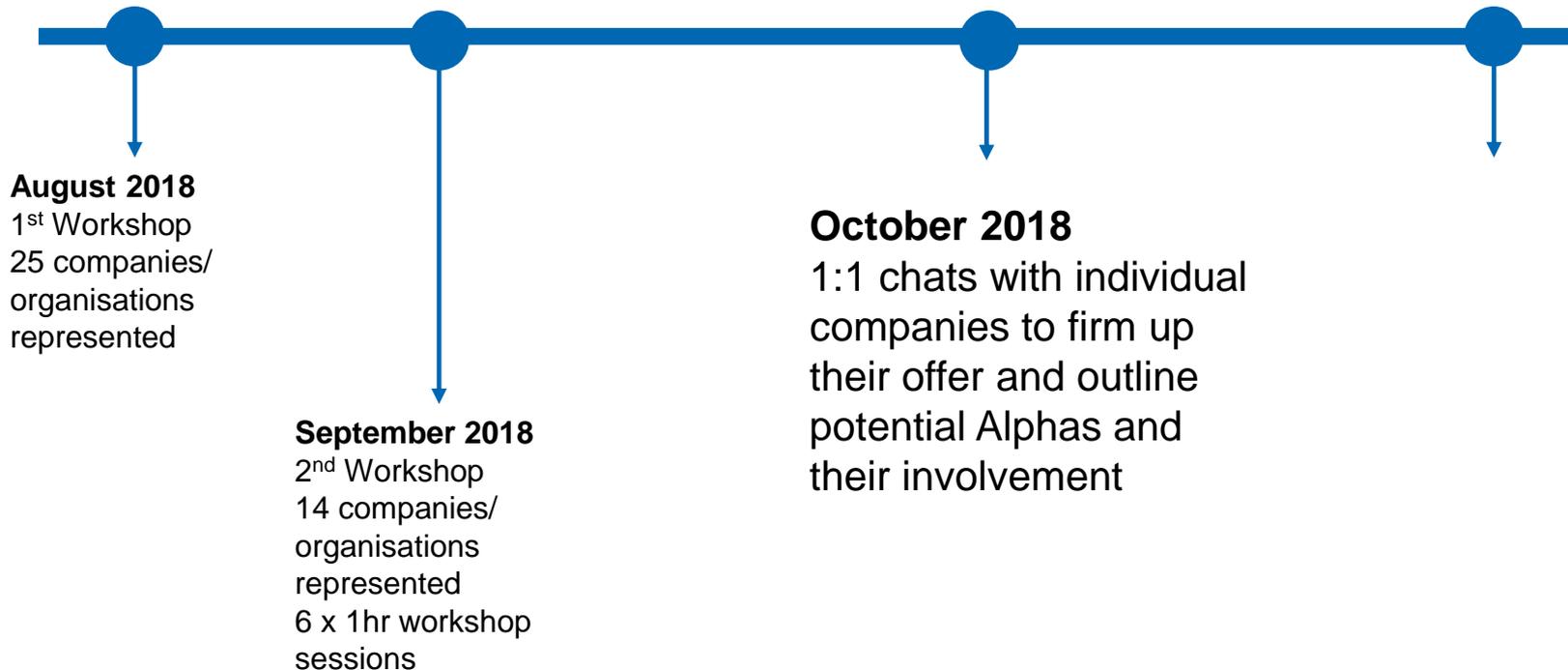
A grid of logos for potential providers, including:

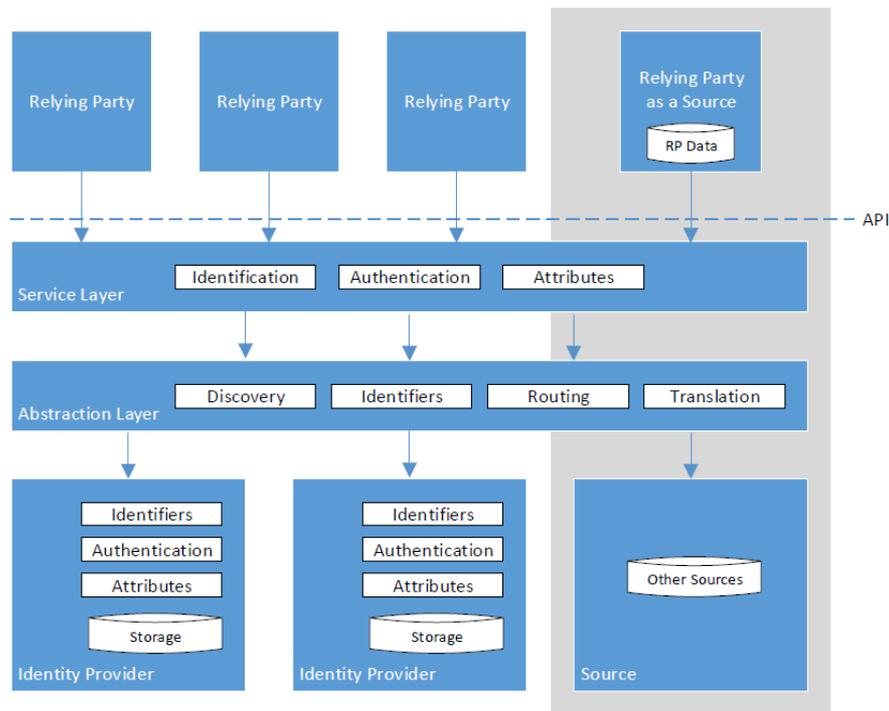
- Disclosure Scotland
- North Lanarkshire Council
- Cabinet Office
- apocred.com
- Alms
- technologies
- AVOCO
- BTU Your Mobile ID
- experian.
- consult paperpoint
- Counterpoint
- digidentity
- ORIGO
- uniglobe log booth
- Lidger Foundation
- evernym
- FACTERN
- is. improvement service
- FA
- PRIVO
- HSBC
- SIGNICAT
- sitekit
- States of Jersey
- SUNET
- Swirls
- iqanu Bank
- IDEMIA
- institute
- The Scottish Government
- Trulia
- Scheme Trust Services



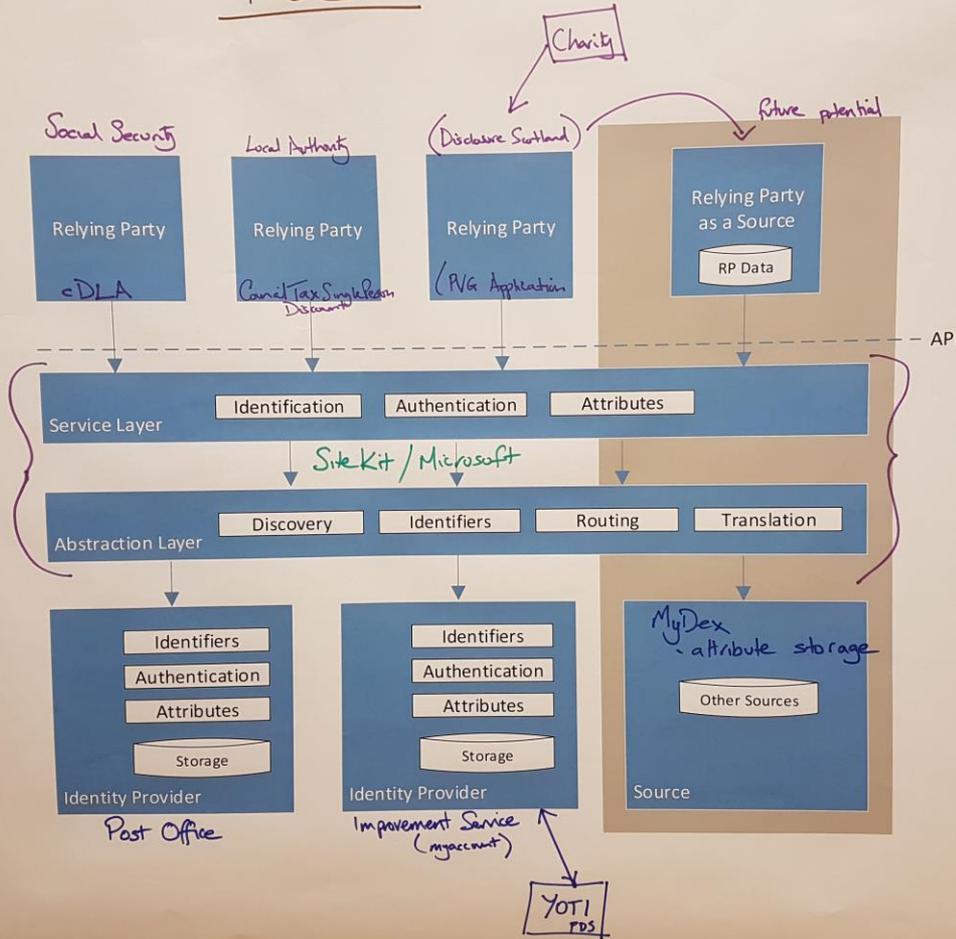
Project Proposals Summary

Trust Anchors	Using Trust Anchors (i.e. trusted individuals that people interact with) as a means of establishing digital identity		
Alias ID	There are several categories of vulnerable people where an Alias ID may be needed – something that allows delivery of services to be joined up whilst protecting the identity of the individual (or at least not be unnecessarily intrusive). Examples discussed included Refugees, Homeless People and Victims of Domestic Violence		
IDP Integration into LA	How can a digital identity help with Authorities need to go through	Portable ID	Test the use of a portable digital identity used across two different services but high LoA services.
National Entitlement Card and Digital ID	There are many relying parties with schools, transport providers across... The goal of this breakout session source of verified attributes to or identity and how an online assured identity could be used to streamline applications for a NEC by people with disabilities and approach 60.	PVG Check for a Local Authority	PVG check done by Disclosure Scotland (DS) attached to digital identity and then asserted digitally by user to LA.
Portable ID	Test the use of a portable digital identity used across two different services but high LoA services.		
PVG Check for a Local Authority	PVG check done by Disclosure Scotland (DS) attached to digital identity and then asserted digitally by user to LA.		





PoC



Standards & Interoperability.

Old Skool

To be joined by other OIX Members

GDS
tScheme

Stream 1: Proof of Concept

This stream will build a PoC to test use cases for the creation and use of digital identities in the context of cDLA and the Single Person Council Tax Discount.

The proposed scope for this stream is as follows:

Relying Parties: Social Security and a Local Authority

Services:

Applying for Child DLA (Social Security)

Applying for Single Person Council Tax Discount (Local Authority)

Use cases:

First time applicants for cDLA requiring creation of digital identity (LoA2)

First time applicant of Council tax single person discount requiring creation of digital identity (LoA1)

First time applicants for cDLA where person has digital identity created previously when applying for Council tax single person discount

First time applicants for Council tax single person discount where person has digital identity created previously when applying for cDLA

Stream 2: Standards and Interoperability Analysis

Broadly speaking, the digital identity market in the UK currently consists of:

- GOV.UK Verify Identity Providers certified against GPG 44 and 45 and the Verify Ops Manual;
- Other providers offering similar services but which are not certified against the GPGs.

This stream will analyse the gap between these Verify and non-Verify providers, consider options for obtaining equivalence for Scottish public sector usage

The proposed scope for this stream is as follows:

Baseline Identity Standards

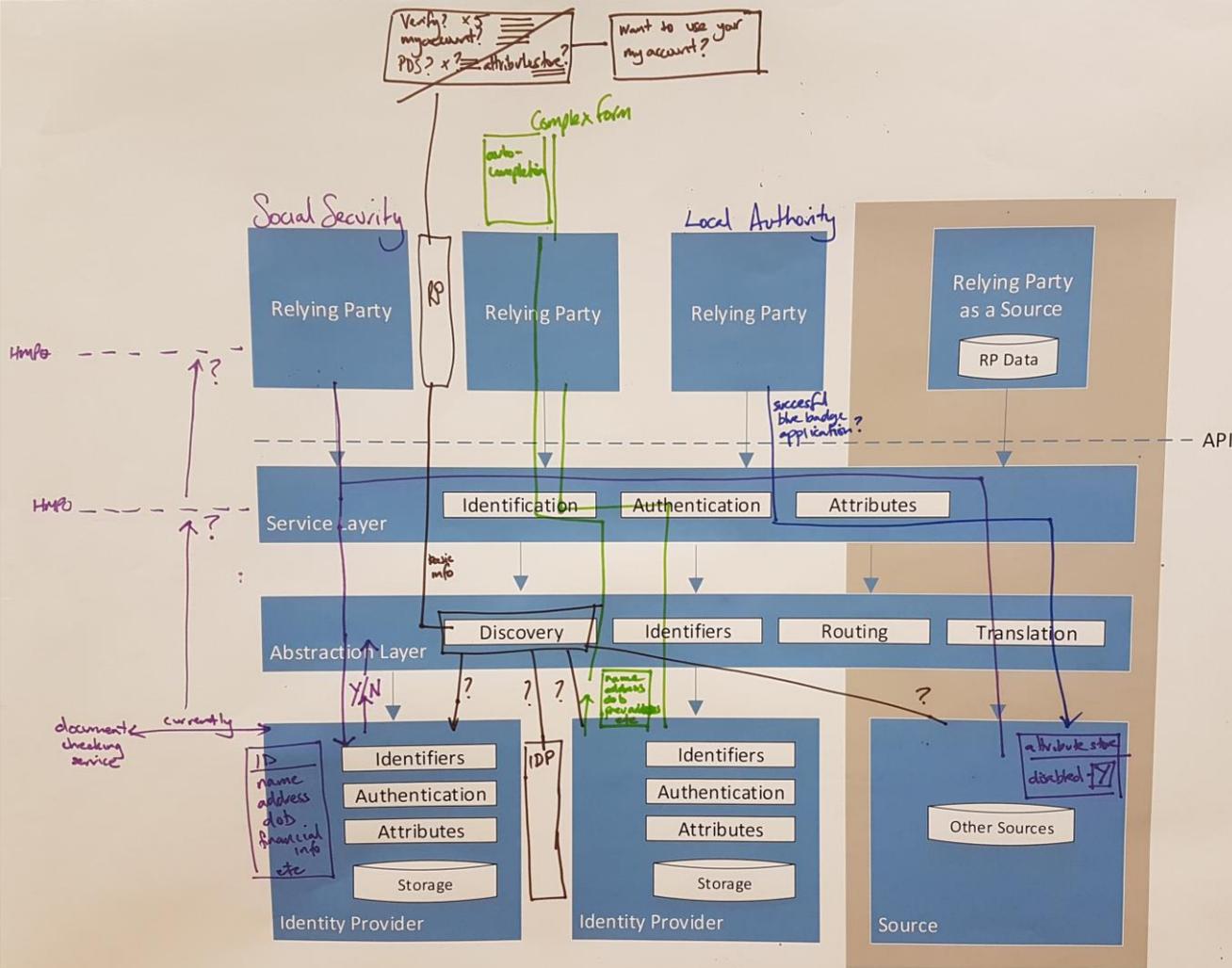
Extended Identity Standards

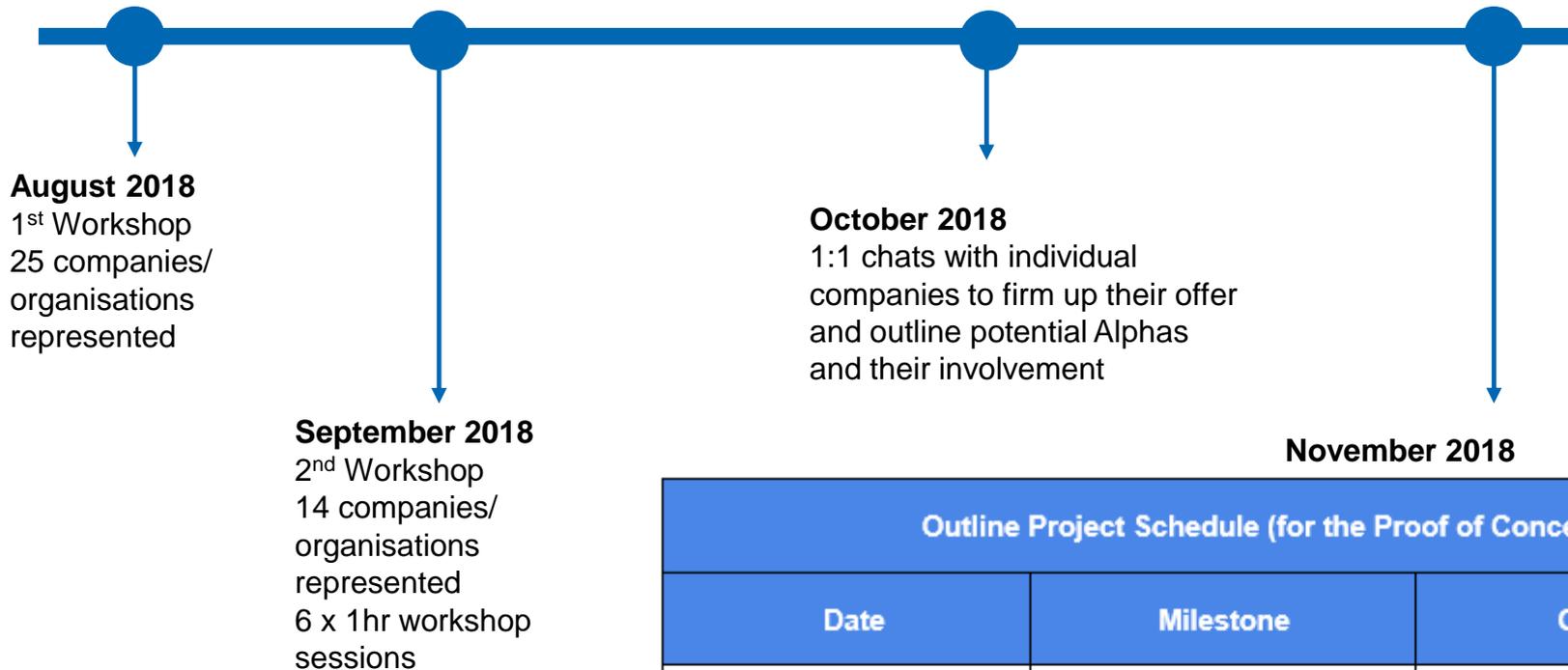
Waivers

Standards for Attribute Assertion

Commercial Models

Old Skool





Outline Project Schedule (for the Proof of Concept)

Date	Milestone	Other details
	<i>The following are just example milestones</i>	
T	Kick-off workshop	

